

# **Broad-based water facility management** via efficient monitoring system



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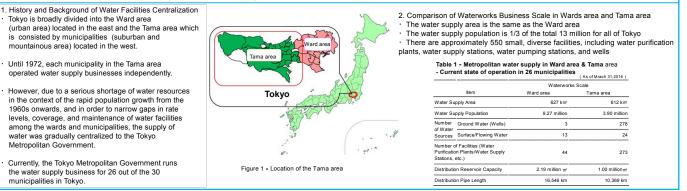
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#### INTRODUCTION

A large number of small water facilities are scattered in the suburban area in the Western Tokyo called Tama area. Bureau of Waterworks, Tokyo Metropolitan Government efficiently conducts broad operations by managing an integrated monitoring system for these water facilities. There are still a great number of small water facilities in Japan and abroad that are operated and monitored either individually or in small groups. Therefore, our example of centralizing operation and management of the water supply in Tokyo can contribute to domestic and foreign water utilities

#### History and Background of Waterworks in the Tama area



## Centralization of Tama District Staffed Control Rooms

1. Process of centralizing staffed control rooms • As of 1984

Related waterworks facilities are remotely monitored and operated from 51 staffed facilities scattered each municipality

- 1984 onwards: Gradually phased in monitoring system centralization and power savings in operations and management
- 1st Phase: Started centralizing so there is one staffed facility per municipality
- 2nd Phase: Promoted centralization of facility management beyond municipality borders 3rd Phase: Divide the Tama area into 4 areas and build a system to centrally manage each area from one control room (When dividing management areas, take the travel distance from transmission lines to facilities and local characteristics into consideration)



Figure 2 - Distribution of central control rooms and facilities (1984) Figure 3 - Distribution of central control rooms and facilities (2008 to present) Figure 4 - Hierarchical Structure of Tama Monitoring Control System

## Current Operations and the Maintenance and Management System

The Tama area has a large number of small facilities. Each facility has equipment, and operation monitoring and regular inspection are regularly reauired

#### Operations Management System

Of the 4 central control rooms, the North Tama control room is the main control room, responsible for operating and managing transmission trunk lines and facilities.

#### •Operations Management System

Each central control room has 6 staff, who are responsible for operating distribution reservoirs and monitoring and controlling equipment in the facilities under their jurisdiction.

Maintenance Management System

In each of the four areas, install 2 to 3 inspection bases and build a system for conducting regular inspections, as well as responding swiftly in the event of an accident or a breakdown



### CONCLUSION

Costs are very high to streamline by centralizing the monitoring systems of many facilities and automating operations control, so we must develop systems with more rational methods and optimize our control system

Maximize use of available facilities and equipment

Gradually make updates and consolidate systems when the cost needed for post-facto maintenance rivals the cost for making updates Streamline the maintenance and management system by centralizing and closing old facilities.

References 1) 2012 40 years of metropolitan water supply in the Tama area - transition of operation improvement -. Bureau of Waterworks, Tokyo Metropolitan Government, Tokyo 2) 2016 Water Supply in Tama. Bureau of Waterworks, Tokyo Metropolitan Government, Tokyo.

inspiring change

 $\bullet$  Build a system for remote s monitoring and control while enhancing efficiency and reliability 1) Improve reliability by securing system redundancy and backup power supplies

2. Methods of Centralization

- Realize efficient operation management through automated operation of facilities, such as membrane filtration equipment and so on.
- 3) Improve maintainability through standardized equipment instruments